

Table of Contents

Preface	1
Chapter 1: Introduction	5
Why MySQL 8?	6
Why is MySQL 8.0 the next generation?	6
Why it is so important to have a good MySQL architecture design	7
Summary	8
Chapter 2: MySQL 8's New Features	9
Global data dictionary	9
MySQL 8's support roles and history	12
MySQL 8 supports the creation and management of resource groups and permissions	13
InnoDB enhancements	17
JSON enhancements functionalities	18
Invisible indexes from MySQL optimizer	21
Features deprecated in MySQL 8.0	24
A quick look at the features removed from MySQL 8.0	24
Summary	26
Chapter 3: Indexing Your Data for High Performance	27
How does MySQL optimizer think in MySQL 8.0?	28
What kind of data type should I consider indexing first and why?	30
Why should I have a good index strategy?	32
What impact does an index have on MySQL performance?	33
How to display and analyze a table structure	35
How to efficiently read MySQL query execution plans	41
How to effectively read the EXPLAIN results	41
id (JSON name: select_id)	44
select_type (JSON name: none)	44
table (JSON name: table_name)	45
partitions (JSON name: partitions)	45
type (JSON name: access_type)	45
EXPLAIN extra information	46
How to know when to create an index	48
Multiple column index versus multiple indexes	49
How to organize your columns in an index for good performance	54
Case study 1 – how to use the EXPLAIN plan tool in MySQL 8.0	57
EXPLAIN options	58

Case study 2 – how to display and analyze a table structure versus the EXPLAIN plan tool	60
Case study 3 – how to organize your columns in an index efficiently	62
Creating a missing index	65
Tips and techniques	67
The five general rules for your indexes	67
Tip 2 – the five general rules to optimize your queries	67
Tip 3 – understand your material resources	68
Tip 4 – the configuration is not the only thing to take into consideration	69
Tip 5 – recommendations on the performance of the MySQL architecture	70
A technical case study	70
Summary	72
Chapter 4: Advanced Data Techniques for Large Queries	73
The most important variables are full-scan indicators	74
Partitioning a table	76
An overview of partitioning in MySQL 8.0	76
Available partitioning type	77
Horizontally partitioning your data	77
Managing partitions	77
RANGE partitioning	78
LIST partitioning	80
HASH partitioning	82
KEY partitioning	83
Using partitions	84
Partition pruning	84
Getting rid of unused and duplicate indexes	86
Unused indexes	86
Duplicate indexes	87
Bonus – potentially missing indexes	88
The most important query optimizations	90
Optimizing a query with the WHERE clause	90
Optimizing a query with a GROUP BY clause	94
Optimizing a query with the ORDER BY clause	96
Temporary tables	98
Case study 1 – an example of how to optimize a complex query	101
Case study 2 – how to optimize sort indexes	105
Tips and techniques	107
Partitions	107
Optimization	108
Techniques	108
A typical use case: time series data	108
Example of a mass DELETE	111
Summary	112
Chapter 5: MySQL Data Dictionary in MySQL 8.0	115

MySQL data dictionary structure in MySQL 8.0	115
Dictionary object cache	117
Transactional storage of the data dictionary	118
Applications of the data dictionary	119
Removal of file-based storage metadata	119
Serialized Dictionary Information (SDI)	120
Limitations of the data dictionary	121
Tips and techniques	121
Summary	122
Chapter 6: MySQL Server Settings	123
Getting started with the most significant variables	123
MySQL server optimization	125
Control the types of data change operations	125
Enabling the adaptive hash indexing function	125
Set a limit on the number of concurrent threads	126
Controlling the amount of InnoDB preloading	126
Increasing the number of background threads	126
Controlling InnoDB input/output performance in the background	127
Taking advantage of multicore processors	127
Preventing punctual operations	127
Configuring the number and size of instances	127
The InnoDB buffer pool	128
The thread cache	129
Case study 1 – when MySQL uses more than 100% of a CPU	130
How to detect high usage of the MySQL processor	131
Correcting the use of the MySQL CPU	132
How to prevent MySQL from using high CPUs	132
Case study 2 – when MySQL swaps on disk	132
Tips and techniques	133
Summary	134
Chapter 7: Group Replication in MySQL 8.0	135
High availability and requirements	136
Scaling	136
Replication	137
Group replication	138
Use cases for group replication	140
Elastic replication	140
Highly available shards	141
Alternative to master – slave replication	142
Autonomic systems	142
An overview of MySQL's database replication	142
Asynchronous replication	144
Semi-synchronous replication	144
Delayed replication	145

Global transaction identifier-based replication	145
Multi-source replication	146
MySQL's group replication architecture	147
Group	148
Writeset	148
How group communication works	149
Certification process	151
Total order delivery	151
Detecting failure	152
Network partitioning	153
Traditional locking versus optimistic locking	154
Distributed first commit wins rule	154
Drawbacks of optimistic locking	155
Modes of group replication	155
Single primary mode	156
Multi-primary	157
Group replication requirements	157
Configuring the server	158
Configuring group replication	158
Monitoring group replication	166
Replication_group_members	166
replication_group_member_stats	166
Replication_connection_status	167
Replication_applier_status	167
Server state	167
Limitations of group replication	168
Group replication security	169
IP address whitelist	169
SSL	170
VPN	171
Operations on an online group	171
Changing the group mode	172
Tuning recovery	172
Combining group replication versions	173
Performance tuning	174
Message compression	174
Flow control	175
Summary	178
Chapter 8: InnoDB Cluster in MySQL 8.0	181
What is InnoDB cluster?	182
InnoDB cluster requirements	184
Installing MySQL Shell	184
How to use MySQL Shell	185
Installing an InnoDB cluster	188
MySQL InnoDB cluster for a sandbox environment	188
InnoDB cluster in a production environment	195
Configuring the router configuration	199

Managing clusters	201
Getting details of a cluster	202
Removing instances from a cluster	202
Adding instances to a cluster	202
Restoring a cluster after quorum loss	202
Rebooting a cluster after a major outage	202
Rescanning a cluster	202
Checking instance states	203
Dissolving an InnoDB cluster	203
InnoDB cluster limitations	203
Storage engines	204
Setting a storage engine	205
MyISAM storage engine	205
The MEMORY storage engine	206
The CSV storage engine	206
The ARCHIVE storage engine	207
The BLACKHOLE storage engine	207
The MERGE storage engine	207
The FEDERATED storage engine	208
InnoDB engine	208
Migrating from master-slave replication to MySQL InnoDB cluster	209
Summary	215
Chapter 9: Monitoring Your Large Distributed Databases	217
MONyog	218
Pros	219
Cons	220
Conclusion	221
Datadog	222
Getting started	222
Pros	224
Cons	225
Conclusion	225
Navicat	225
Pros	227
Cons	228
Conclusion	228
Comparison between monitoring tools	229
The price	229
Pros	229
Cons	230
Top clients	230
Tips and techniques	231
Summary	232
Chapter 10: Authentication and Security Management with MySQL 8.0	233
MySQL 8.0 security features	233

Privileges provided by MySQL 8.0	234
Where are privileges stored in MySQL 8.0?	235
The differences between dynamic and static privileges	236
Creating roles and users in MySQL 8.0	237
Displaying assigned roles using SHOW GRANTS	239
Troubleshooting connection problems	240
Tips and techniques	241
Restricting or disabling remote access to the server	241
Disabling LOCAL INFILE usage	241
Changing the username and password for root	242
Summary	242
Chapter 11: Advanced MySQL Performance Tips and Techniques	243
Tips/best practices	243
Optimizing your queries for the query cache	244
EXPLAIN your SELECT queries	245
LIMIT 1 when getting a unique row	247
Indexing for search fields	248
Indexing strategy for Joins	249
Avoiding SELECT * and COUNT *	250
Almost always have an ID field	253
Using ENUM over VARCHAR	255
Using prepared statements if and when possible	256
Splitting the big DELETE or INSERT queries	257
Avoiding the delete trigger	259
Techniques	260
Can MySQL perform queries on billions of rows?	260
Is InnoDB the right choice for multi-billion rows?	261
How big can a MySQL database get before the performance starts to degrade?	261
Why MySQL could be slow with large tables	261
Is MySQL the best solution for handling blobs?	261
Summary	262
Other Books You May Enjoy	263
Index	267
