
Contents

<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xi
<i>Author biography</i>	xii
<i>List of abbreviations</i>	xiii
1 What are deep excavations?	1
<i>References</i>	4
2 How deep excavations are created	5
2.1 <i>Types of earth lateral support</i>	6
2.1.1 Driven steel sheet piling	6
2.1.2 King posts and lagging	7
2.1.3 Contiguous bored pile walls	8
2.1.4 Secant piled walls	11
2.1.5 Diaphragm walls	12
2.1.6 Hand-dug caissons	17
2.1.7 Sprayed concrete and soil nails	18
2.1.8 Selection of type of wall	19
2.1.9 Bracing	19
2.2 <i>Sequences of construction</i>	22
2.2.1 Bottom-up sequence of construction	22
2.2.2 Top-down sequence of construction	25
2.2.3 Hybrid sequences of construction	27
2.2.4 Advantages and disadvantages of the methods	27
2.3 <i>Basic theory</i>	28
2.3.1 Strength of soil	29
2.3.2 Measurement of strength of soil	33
2.3.3 Stiffness of soil	40
2.3.4 Coefficient of subgrade reaction	41
2.3.5 Soil pressure	44

- 2.3.6 Limiting pressures 45
- 2.3.7 Development of lateral soil pressure 49
- 2.3.8 Numerical modelling 50
- 2.3.9 Factors of safety 53
- 2.3.10 Soil/structure interaction 55

References 59

3 Design

62

- 3.1 *Design process* 62
 - 3.1.1 First computer programs 63
 - 3.1.2 Continuum models 64
- 3.2 *Ground water* 67
 - 3.2.1 The need to control ground water 67
 - 3.2.2 Joints between wall panels 67
 - 3.2.3 Seepage below walls 69
 - 3.2.4 Control of ground water seepage 70
 - 3.2.5 Keeping the site dry 72
- 3.3 *Protection of nearby buildings and utilities* 73
- 3.4 *Monitoring during construction* 77
- 3.5 *The Observational Method* 80
- 3.6 *Geological risk* 82
 - 3.6.1 Geological risks are high 82
 - 3.6.2 Mitigation of geological risk during planning 84
 - 3.6.3 Mitigation of risk by ground investigation 85
 - 3.6.4 Mitigation of risk during design 86
 - 3.6.5 Mitigation of risk in conditions of contract 88
 - 3.6.6 Mitigation of risk at time of tendering 90
 - 3.6.7 Changing practices on sharing risk 91
 - 3.6.8 Risk in contractual arrangements 92
 - 3.6.9 Mitigation of risk during construction 93
- 3.7 *Regulatory control of public safety* 94
- 3.8 *Planning the works* 97
 - 3.8.1 Desk study 98
 - 3.8.2 Site-specific investigation 99
 - 3.8.3 Procedures 101
 - 3.8.4 Select structural form 102
- 3.9 *Design* 105
 - 3.9.1 Design standards 106
 - 3.9.2 Design considerations 110
 - 3.9.3 Structural members 112

3.9.4	Slopes and berms	113
3.9.5	Soil to wall contact	113
3.9.6	Bulk excavation	114
3.9.7	Retaining walls	115
3.9.8	Seismicity	116
3.9.9	Contract period	122
3.9.10	Tips about detailing	123
3.10	<i>Codes of practice</i>	124
3.10.1	Standards and codes of practice	124
3.10.2	Factor of safety approach	125
3.10.3	Limit state approach	125
3.10.4	Partial factor design	127
3.11	<i>Checking</i>	129
3.11.1	Checking designs	129
3.11.2	Peer reviews	131
3.11.3	Legal liability	132
3.12	<i>Programming activities for construction</i>	132
	<i>References</i>	132

4 Contracts and construction

138

4.1	<i>Contracts</i>	138
4.1.1	Forms of contract	138
4.1.2	Extent of contract	139
4.1.3	Contractor's all geotechnical risks contract	141
4.1.4	Towards equitable sharing of risks	142
4.1.5	New forms of contract	144
4.2	<i>Construction</i>	144
4.2.1	Manuals	145
4.2.2	Insurance and bonds	145
4.2.3	Site security and safety	145
4.2.4	Site accommodation	146
4.2.5	Enabling works	146
4.2.6	Main work	147
4.2.7	Sub-contractors	148
4.2.8	Site staff	148
4.2.9	Records	149
4.2.10	Statutory duties	150
4.3	<i>Claims and resolution</i>	151
4.3.1	Claims	151
4.3.2	Resolution	152
	<i>References</i>	153

5	Current practices, problems and the future	155
5.1	<i>Current practices</i> 155	
5.1.1	Site selection 155	
5.1.2	Site investigation and ground investigation 156	
5.1.3	Laboratory testing 163	
5.1.4	Computers 164	
5.1.5	Risk 165	
5.1.6	Control 167	
5.1.7	Monitoring 167	
5.1.7	The devil is in the detailing 169	
5.1.8	Testing 172	
5.1.9	Resolution of disputes 174	
5.2	<i>What can go wrong</i> 175	
5.2.1	Lessons 175	
5.2.2	Classical collapses 179	
5.2.3	Collapses of deep excavations 183	
5.2.4	Ground water control 200	
5.2.5	Protection of adjacent structures 201	
5.2.6	How much rock will be encountered when excavating for diaphragm walls? 203	
5.2.7	Wrong use of computer programs 205	
5.2.8	Wrong information 207	
5.2.9	Waterproofing 208	
5.3	<i>What can go right</i> 210	
5.3.1	Good engineering 210	
5.3.2	Good projects and good planning 222	
5.3.3	Dealing with geological risk 224	
5.4	<i>What next</i> 231	
5.4.1	More deep excavations 231	
5.4.2	Expanding technology 232	
5.4.3	Learning from previous experience 232	
5.4.4	New machines, new materials 233	
5.4.5	Complexity 234	
	<i>References</i> 234	
	 <i>Afterword</i>	 238
	<i>Index</i>	239